**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO

37 CFR § 1.116

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:** 

1-11. (canceled).

12. (previously presented) A system for managing the use of a resource shared among

concurrently-executing threads, said system comprising:

a record for maintaining information as to whether any of said threads

is accessing said resource at a given point in time, said record comprising a read counter and

a write counter;

an object, which comprises or references:

a constructor, said constructor comprising computer-executable

instructions to obtain a lock on said resource, to record said lock in

said record, to increment said read counter when any of said threads

reads from said resource, and to increment said write counter when any

of said threads writes to said resource; and

a destructor, said destructor comprising a set of computer-

executable instructions to release said lock, to record the release of said

lock in said record, and to decrement said read counter and said write

counter;

wherein the constructor instructions are executed upon creation of an instance of said

object within a local scope, wherein the destructor instructions are executed upon the exiting

of said local scope, and wherein no instruction, other than the instruction to exit said local

scope, is required to release said lock.

13. (original) The system of claim 12, wherein said constructor further comprises an

instruction to claim a critical section, and wherein said destructor further comprises an

instruction to relinquish said critical section.

14. (original) The system of claim 13, wherein said critical section is implemented by way

of a critical section facility of an operating system.

Page 2 of 13

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO

37 CFR § 1.116

15. (previously presented) The system of claim 13, wherein said constructor further

comprises instructions to condition the claiming of said critical section upon the value of said

read counter and said write counter, and wherein said destructor further comprises

instructions to condition the relinquishment of said critical section upon the value of said read

counter and said write counter.

16. (original) The system of claim 12, wherein said object is a class object in the C++

programming language.

17. (original) The system of claim 12, wherein said resource comprises a data object located

within the address space of a computer program.

18. (currently amended) A method of managing a resource shared among a plurality of

concurrently-executing threads, comprising the acts of:

claiming a first critical section, using a class object that is instantiated

as a result of a lock request, the lock request being made by instantiating an instance of a

class, the constructor for the class causing the first critical section to be claimed, wherein said

first critical section is unavailable to a thread seeking to do a write to said resource and to a

thread seeking to do a read from said resource whenever any of said threads is presently

writing to said resource, and wherein said first critical section is always available within a

short time period, and no later than when one or more other threads that are not writing to

said resource have relinquished said first critical section as a result of said other threads

determining that said other threads are not requesting a write lock, to a thread seeking to do a

write to said resource and to a thread seeking to do a read from said resource whenever none

of said threads is presently writing to said resource;

if said first critical section is unavailable, waiting at least until said first

critical section becomes available;

claiming a second critical section, wherein said second critical section

is unavailable to a thread seeking to do a write to said resource whenever any of said threads

is presently reading from said resource;

Page 3 of 13

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

if said second critical section is unavailable, waiting at least until said

second critical section becomes available; and

executing at least one instruction that accesses said resource;

wherein the method further comprises:

creating a local class instance; and

after said executing said executed instruction, destroying said local

class instance;

wherein said claiming acts are invoked by the constructor for said local class instance, and wherein the destructor for said local class instance relinquishes at least one of said critical sections.

19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein said threads are threads of a single multi-

threaded computer program.

20. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein said critical sections are implemented by

way of a critical section facility of an operating system.

21. (currently amended) The method of claim 18, wherein said at least one executed

instruction that accesses said resource is a write access, and wherein said method further

comprises the acts of:

relinquishing said second critical section; and

after performing said at least one executed instruction, relinquishing

said first critical section.

22. (previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein said at least one executed

instruction that accesses said resource is a read access, and wherein said method further

comprises the acts of:

relinquishing said first critical section; and

after performing said executing act, relinquishing said second critical

section, unless another set of instructions is presently reading from said resource.

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO

37 CFR § 1.116

23. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein the determination of whether any set of

instructions is presently reading from said resource is made by testing the value of a counter.

24. (canceled)

25. (currently amended) The method of claim [[24]] 18, wherein said local class

instance is a C++ class, wherein said act of creating a local class instance comprises opening

a local scope in a program in the C++ programming language, and wherein said act of

destroying said local class instance comprises closing said local scope.

26. (original) The method of claim 18, further comprising the act of incrementing a counter,

wherein said act of claiming said second critical section is conditioned upon the value of said

counter.

27. (previously presented) The method of claim 18, further comprising the acts of

claiming and relinquishing a third critical section, wherein said third critical section is

relinquished prior to executing said one instruction.

28. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein said resource comprises a data object located

within the address space of a computer program.

29. (currently amended) A computer-readable medium having computer-executable

instructions to perform the method of claim-18 a method of managing a resource shared

among a plurality of concurrently-executing threads, said method comprising:

claiming a first critical section, using a class object that is instantiated as a

result of a lock request, the lock request being made by instantiating an instance of a class,

the constructor for the class causing the first critical section to be claimed, wherein said first

critical section is unavailable to a thread seeking to do a write to said resource and to a thread

seeking to do a read from said resource whenever any of said threads is presently writing to

said resource, and wherein said first critical section is always available to a thread seeking to

Page 5 of 13

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

do a write to said resource and to a thread seeking to do a read from said resource whenever none of said threads is presently writing to said resource;

if said first critical section is unavailable, waiting at least until said first critical section becomes available;

claiming a second critical section, wherein said second critical section is unavailable to a thread seeking to do a write to said resource whenever any of said threads is presently reading from said resource;

if said second critical section is unavailable, waiting at least until said second critical section becomes available; and

executing at least one instruction that accesses said resource;

wherein the method further comprises:

creating a local class instance; and

after said executing said executed instruction, destroying said local class instance;

wherein said claiming acts are invoked by the constructor for said local class instance, and wherein the destructor for said local class instance relinquishes at least one of said critical sections.

30. (previously presented) A method of managing a resource in a computer environment that supports concurrent execution of a plurality of sets of computer-executable instructions, said method comprising:

in a one of said sets of instructions:

opening a local scope;

creating an object instance within said local scope, wherein said instance comprises or references a constructor method, and wherein said constructor method comprises instructions to obtain a read lock or a write lock on said resource, to increment a read counter when obtaining said read lock, and to increment a write counter when obtaining said write lock;

performing, subsequent to creating said instance, one or more operations, wherein at least one of said operations reads from or writes

Page 6 of 13

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO

37 CFR § 1.116

to said resource; and, when none of said plurality of sets of computer

executed instructions seeks to read from or write to said resource,

closing said local scope, whereupon said instance is destroyed, said instance further comprising or referencing a destructor method,

and wherein said destructor method comprises instructions to release

said read lock or said write lock.

31. (original) The method of claim 30, wherein said sets of instructions are written in the

C++ programming language, and wherein said object instance is a class instance in the C++

programming language.

32. (original) The method of claim 30, wherein said constructor further comprises an

instruction to claim a critical section.

33. (original) The method of claim 32, wherein said sets of instructions are threads of a

single multi-threaded computer program executing under an operating system, and wherein

said critical sections are implemented by way of the critical section facility of said operating

system.

34. (previously presented) The method of claim 30, wherein a value of said read counter is

a number of read locks outstanding on said resource.

35. (previously presented) The method of claim 30, wherein said resource comprises a

data object located within the address space of a computer program.

36. (currently amended) A computer-readable medium having computer-executable

instructions to perform the method of claim 30 a method of managing a resource in a

computer environment that supports concurrent execution of a plurality of sets of computer-

executable instructions, said method comprising:

in a one of said sets of instructions:

opening a local scope;

Page 7 of 13

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

creating an object instance within said local scope, wherein said instance comprises or references a constructor method, and wherein said constructor method comprises instructions to obtain a read lock or a write lock on said resource, to increment a read counter when obtaining said read lock, and to increment a write counter when obtaining said write lock;

performing, subsequent to creating said instance, one or more operations, wherein at least one of said operations reads from or writes to said resource; and, when none of said plurality of sets of computer executed instructions seeks to read from or write to said resource,

closing said local scope, whereupon said instance is destroyed, said instance further comprising or referencing a destructor method, and wherein said destructor method comprises instructions to release said read lock or said write lock.

- 37. (currently amended) A method of managing a resource in a computing environment that supports concurrent execution of a plurality of sets of computer-executable instructions, said method comprising:
  - (a) issuing, in a first of said sets of instructions, a first request for said first of said sets of instructions to obtain a lock on said resource, wherein said request comprises an indication as to whether said set of instructions needs a read lock on said resource or a write lock on said resource, and wherein said request is issued by creating a local class instance, wherein a constructor for said class instance issues said request;
  - (b) claiming a first critical section, wherein said first critical section is unavailable to said first set first of said sets of instructions whenever any of said sets of instructions is presently writing to said resource, and wherein said first critical section is always available within a short time period to said first set first of said sets of instructions whenever none of said sets of instructions is presently writing to said resource;
  - (c) if said indication is that said first set first of said sets of instructions needs a write lock on said resource:

(c)(1) claiming a second critical section; and

Page 8 of 13

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

(c)(2) relinquishing said second critical section;

whereupon said write lock is granted to said first set first of said sets of instructions; and

- (d) if said indication is that said first of said sets of instructions needs a read lock on said resource:
  - (d)(1) relinquishing said first critical section; and
  - (d)(2) if no other one of said plurality of sets of instructions, exclusive of said first of said sets of instructions, has a read lock on said resource, claiming said second critical section;

whereupon said read lock is granted to said first set first of said sets of instructions

- (e) issuing, in said first of said sets of instructions, a second request to release said lock;
- (f) if said lock is a read lock and no other one of said sets of instructions, exclusive of said first of said sets of instructions, presently has a read lock on said resource, relinquishing said second critical section; and
  - (g) if said lock is a write lock, relinquishing said first critical

section;

and wherein the method further comprises:

destroying said local class instance, wherein said second request is issued by the destructor for said class instance.

- 38. (original)The method of claim 37, wherein said sets of instructions are threads of a single computer program executing under control of an operating system, and wherein said critical sections are implemented by way of the critical section facility of said operating system.
- 39. (original) The method of claim 37, further comprising the acts of:

after said act of issuing said first request, claiming a third critical section; and

before, or contemporaneously with, the granting of a lock, relinquishing said third critical section.

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

40-41. (canceled)

42. (currently amended) The method of claim [[41]] 37, wherein said class instance is a

class instance in the C++ programming language.

43. (currently amended) The method of claim [[40]] <u>37</u>, further comprising the acts of

incrementing and decrementing a counter, wherein the value of said counter is the number of

read locks outstanding on said resource, and wherein said indication of whether any other of

said sets of instructions has a read lock on said resource are made by testing the value of said

counter.

44. (original) The method of claim 37, wherein said resource comprises a data object located

within the address space of a computer program.

45. (currently amended) A computer-readable medium having computer-executable

instructions to perform the method of claim 37 a method of managing a resource in a

computing environment that supports concurrent execution of a plurality of sets of computer-

executable instructions, said method comprising:

(a) issuing, in a first of said sets of instructions, a first request for said first of said sets

of instructions to obtain a lock on said resource, wherein said request comprises an indication

as to whether said set of instructions needs a read lock on said resource or a write lock on

said resource, and wherein said request is issued by creating a local class instance, wherein a

constructor for said class instance issues said request;

(b) claiming a first critical section, wherein said first critical section is unavailable to

said first of said sets of instructions whenever any of said sets of instructions is presently

writing to said resource, and wherein said first critical section is made available to said first

of said sets of instructions whenever none of said sets of instructions is presently writing to

said resource;

(c) if said indication is that said first of said sets of instructions needs a write lock on

said resource:

Page 10 of 13

**Application No.:** 09/468,469

Office Action Dated: December 12, 2005

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

(c)(1) claiming a second critical section; and

(c)(2) relinquishing said second critical section;

whereupon said write lock is granted to said first of said sets of instructions;

(d) if said indication is that said first of said sets of instructions needs a read lock on said resource:

(d)(1) relinquishing said first critical section; and

(d)(2) if no other one of said plurality of sets of instructions, exclusive of said first of said sets of instructions, has a read lock on said resource, claiming said second critical section;

whereupon said read lock is granted to said first of said sets of instructions

(e) issuing, in said first of said sets of instructions, a second request to release said lock;

(f) if said lock is a read lock and no other one of said sets of instructions, exclusive of said first of said sets of instructions, presently has a read lock on said resource, relinquishing said second critical section; and

(g) if said lock is a write lock, relinquishing said first critical section; and wherein the method further comprises:

destroying said local class instance, wherein said second request is issued by the destructor for said class instance.